

Math 10 Pre-Calc LG 7

INTRO TO GRAPHING

INTRODUCTION:

One of the strengths of mathematics is showing the relationship between two different sets of data on a graph. Graphs are often used as a visual representation of a situation. To find out how we can use a graph to compare the career statistics of Roberto Luongo and Martin Brodeur, check out page 268.

LEARNING GUIDE EXPECTATIONS:


On the completion of this learning guide you will be able to:

- 1) describe a possible situation for a given graph
- 2) sketch a possible graph for a given situation
- 3) determine if a relation is linear and explain why or why not
- 4) represent linear relations in a variety of ways
- 5) identify independent and dependent variables in a relation
- 6) explain why data points should or should not be connected on the graph


EVALUATION:

You are ready to progress to the next learning guide when you can demonstrate your understanding of the above expectations. Please refer to your Math 10 Pre-Calc Marks Record Sheet to determine the assessment.

RESOURCES NEEDED:

 Mathematics 10 Text

LEARNING ACTIVITIES:

-  **Expectation 1: describe a possible situation for a given graph**
Expectation 2: sketch a possible graph for a given situation

-  1. [Watch and take notes on instructional video on Modeling Situations with Graphs.](#)



2. Read the Link the Ideas section on page 270, and the Key Ideas section on page 273. In your Math Journal, complete the following:
- explain how to represent a constant rate of change on a graph
 - state what the steepness of a line indicates on a graph (include diagrams)
 - explain what a horizontal line on a graph means
 - describe what a curve on a graph represents



3. In the Mathematics 10 text, work through Examples 1-3 on pages 271 - 273. Now Complete #1, 2, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, on pages 274 – 277.
4. For extra practice, click [here](#). For the answers to the extra practice, click [here](#).



- Expectation 3: Determine if a relation is linear and explain why or why not**
Expectation 4: Represent linear relations in a variety of ways
Expectation 5: Identify independent and dependent variables in a relation
Expectation 6: Explain why data points should or should not be connected on the graph



1. [Watch and take notes on instructional video on Linear Relations.](#)



2. Read the Link the Ideas section on pages 280 – 282. In your Math Journal, complete the following:
- define a mathematical relation (use the purple box on page 279 to help you)
 - describe the three ways that a relation can be presented
 - define a linear relation and a non-linear relation
 - describe three ways to determine whether a relation is linear or non-linear.
 - define discrete data and continuous data and illustrate the difference between them using a graph
 - define independent variable and dependent variable
 - describe the locations of independent and dependent variables in a table and on a graph.



3. In the Mathematics 10 text, work through Examples 1-3 on pages 282 - 286. Now complete # 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12.
4. For extra practice, click [here](#). For the answers to the extra practice, click [here](#).

REVIEW AND CHALLENGE



1. In the Mathematics 10 text, complete Ch 6 Review questions # 1 – 6 (pages 330 – 331)

PRACTICE QUIZZES

[Practice quiz #2](#)

[Practice quiz #3](#)

[Practice quiz #4](#)

[Practice quiz #5](#)