Name:	LG 1 Ver A Student #:
Date:	T.A. #:

Mathematics 12 Pre-Calculus LEARNING GUIDE 1 TEST – TRANSFORMATIONS PART A /20

- *Full marks will NOT be given for the final answer only.
- When using a calculator, you should provide a decimal answer that is correct **to at least two decimal places** (unless otherwise indicated). Such rounding should occur **only** in the final step of the solution.
- 1. Describe how the graph of $y = x^2$ compares to the graph of $y = x^2 + 3$. (1 mark)
- 2. Using the graph of y = f(x) below, sketch and label the graphs of: (2 marks) a) f(x) - 2
 - b) *f*(*x* 2)



/3

- 3. The graph of a function y = f(x) is translated 4 units right and 6 units down. The equation of its image has the form y = f(x c) + d. Determine the value of c and d. (2 marks)
 - с=

d=

- 4. Given the graph of the function y = f(x) below. Sketch and label the graphs of the following: (2 marks)
 - a) -*f*(*x*) b) *f*(-*x*)



- 5. Describe what happens to the graph of a function if you make each change to its equation:
 - a) replace y with –y. (1 mark each)

b) replace x with x - 1 and y with y + 3.

c) replace x with 1/3x.

e) replace x with –4x and y with 2y

- 6. Describe what happens to the equation of a function if you make each change to its graph:
 - a) reflect the graph in the *x*-axis. (1 mark each)

b) reflect the graph in both axis.

c) expand vertically by a factor of 4 and reflect in the y axis.

d) compress horizontally by a factor of 2/3.

- 7. Given the graph of the function y = f(x), sketch the graphs of:
 - a) y = 2f(x) (1 mark)
 - b) y = -f(2x) (2 marks)



8. Give the location of the invariant points:a) In the transformation you did in 7a.

(2 marks)

b) In the transformation you did in 7b.