	LG 5 Ver A
Name:	Student #:
Date:	T.A. #:

Mathematics 12 Pre-Calculus LEARNING GUIDE 5 QUIZ- POLYNOMIAL FUNCTIONS

*NO GRAPHING CALCULATORS PERMITTED

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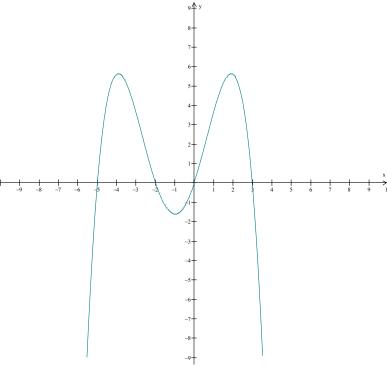
*Full marks will NOT be given for the final answer only.

When using a calculator, you should provide a decimal answer that is correct **to at least two decimal places** (unless otherwise indicated). Such rounding should occur **only** in the final step of the solution.

1. Write an example of a polynomial function. Explain why it is a polynomial function. (2 marks)

- 2. For the polynomial function $f(x) = 7x 3 8x^3$ state: (2 marks)
 - a) The degree:
 - b) Name of the polynomial function:
 - c) Leading coefficient:
 - d) Constant term:

3. Given the graph below:

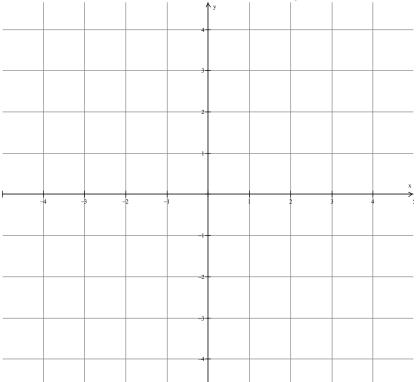


a) What degree is this function?

(1 mark each)

- b) Is the leading coefficient positive or negative?
- c) How many roots does this function have?
- 4. Given the function $y = ax^n + 2x + b$, what are the conditions on a, n, and b for this function to have a minimum value with a negative y intercept? (3 marks)

5. Sketch the graph of the polynomial function $f(x) = -(x+2)^2(x-3)$. (3 marks)



6. Given the function $f(x) = x^4 - 16x^2$

(4 marks)

- a) Degree and end- behavior:
- b) The zeros and their multiplicity:
- c) The y-intercept:

7. Determine the quotient:

(3 marks)

$$(2x^3 + 3x^2 - 9x - 10) \div (x - 2)$$

8. Use the remainder theorem to determine the remainder when $2x^2-7x+4$ is divided by x+2. (1 mark)

9. When $x^3 - kx^2 + 6$ is divided by x - 3, the remainder is 4. Determine k. (2 marks)

- 10. For the function $f(x) = x^3 2x^2 9x + 18$
- a) List the possible integral factors. (1 mark)
- b) Factor fully. (2 marks)

11. Show that
$$x+a$$
 is a factor of the polynomial:
$$P(x) = (x+a)^2 + (x+c)^2 - (a-c)^2 \tag{3 marks}$$