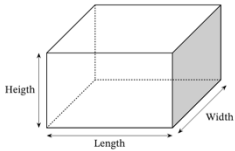
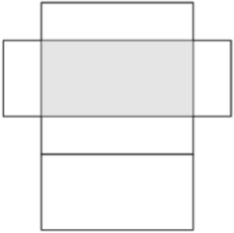

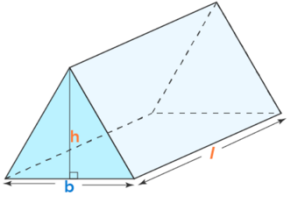
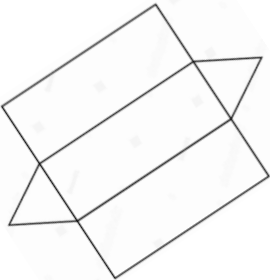

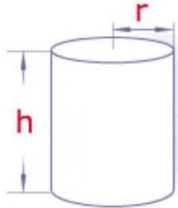
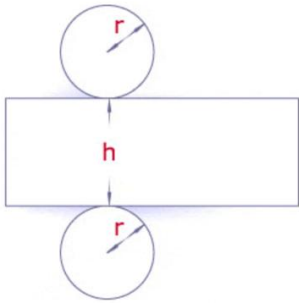



**Math 9 Adapted LG 5 – Nets & Area of 3D objects**

**Expectation 1 – Drawing Nets of 3D Objects**

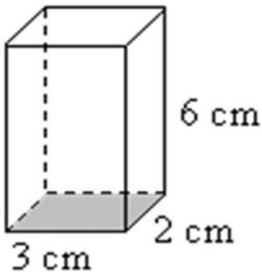
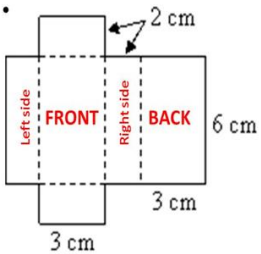
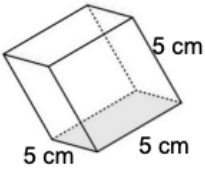
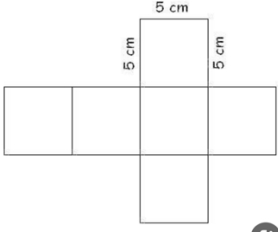
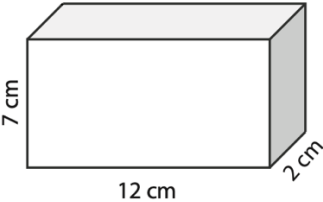
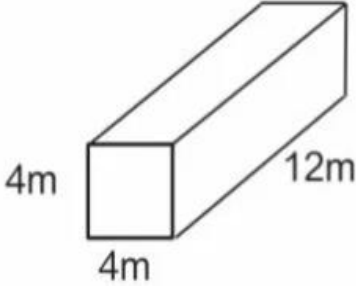
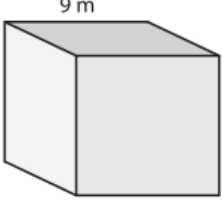
Nets are 2D versions of 3D objects. Imagine if you had a box and you cut it at the edges so that it could lie flat. The squished box would be a net.

Object	3D	Net	Real life examples
Rectangular Prism			
Triangular Prism			
Cylinder			

Complete the chart below

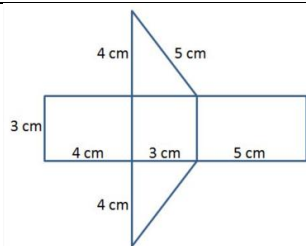
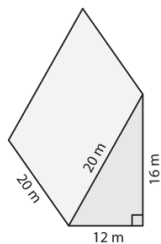
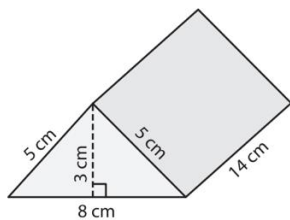
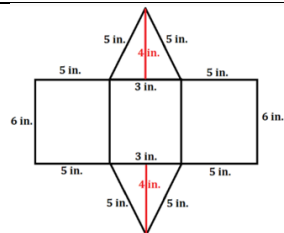
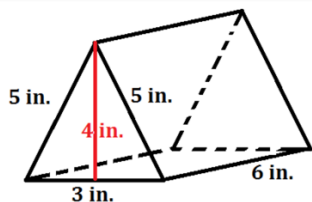
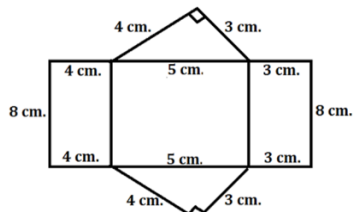
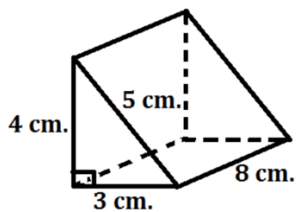
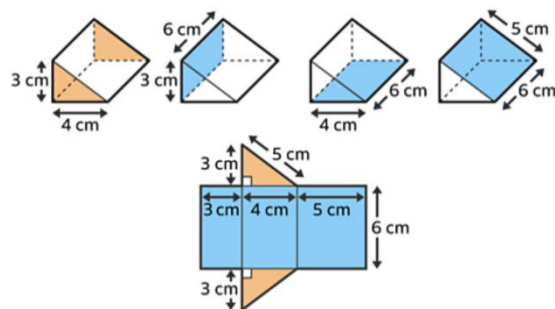
Object	Number and type (rectangle/triangle/circle) of faces
Rectangular Prism	
Triangular Prism	
Cylinder	

**Complete the chart: Draw and label the net for the 3D images shown**

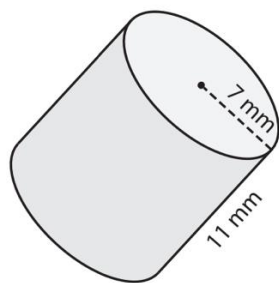
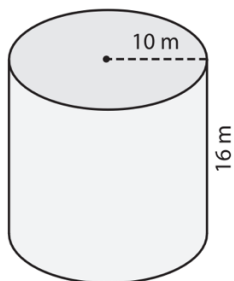
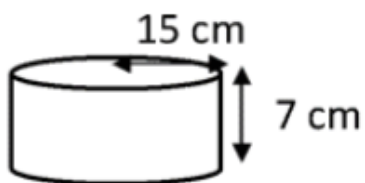
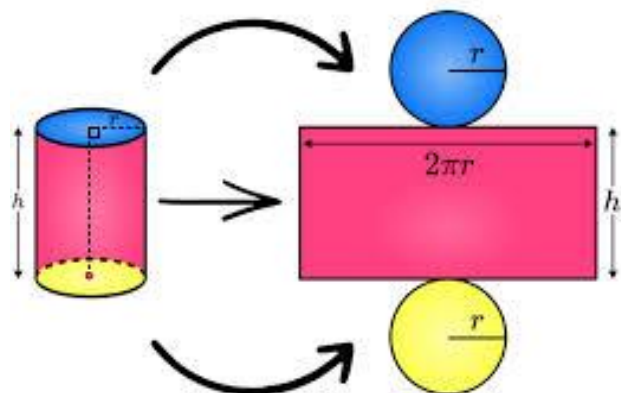
# TRIANGULAR PRISMS

Creating nets from 3D images



# CYLINDERS

Creating nets from 3D images



The width of the rectangle is the same as the circumference of the circle for each cylinder.

$$\text{Circumference of a circle} = 2\pi r$$

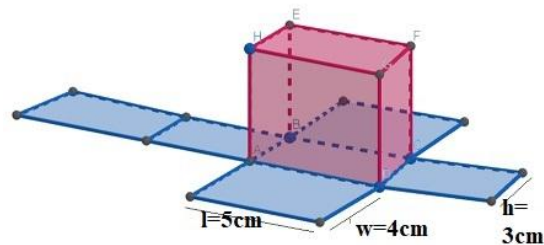
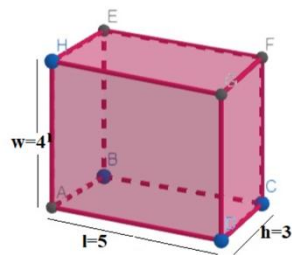
Calculate the width of the rectangles above and add to your diagram:

$$2 \times \pi \times 15 =$$

$$2 \times \pi \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} =$$

$$2 \times \pi \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} =$$

Expectation 2 – Calculating the Area of 3D Objects

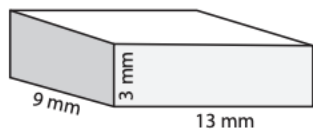


Front & back (LxWx2)	
Side & side	
Top & Bottom	
Total	

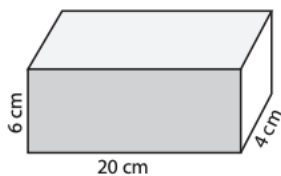
Practice:

Find the surface area of each rectangular prism.

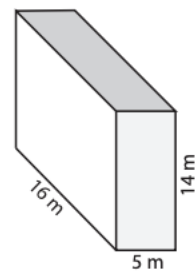
1)



2)



3)



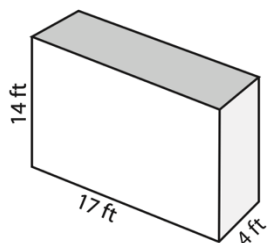
Front & back (LxWx2)	
Side & side	
Top & Bottom	
Total	

Front & back (LxWx2)	
Side & side	
Top & Bottom	
Total	

Front & back (LxWx2)	
Side & side	
Top & Bottom	
Total	

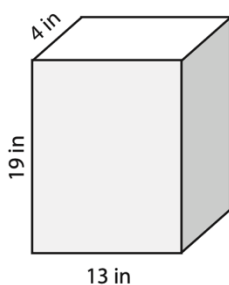
# Math 9 Adapted: LG 5 – Nets & Area

4)



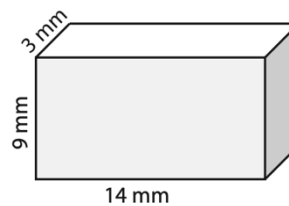
Front & back (LxWx2)	
Side & side	
Top & Bottom	
Total	

5)



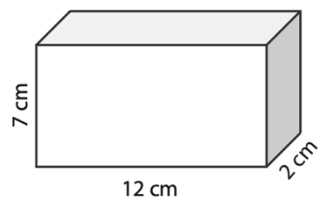
Front & back (LxWx2)	
Side & side	
Top & Bottom	
Total	

6)



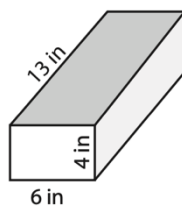
Front & back (LxWx2)	
Side & side	
Top & Bottom	
Total	

7)



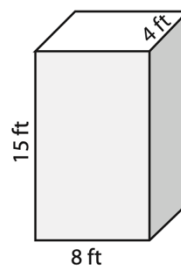
Front & back (LxWx2)	
Side & side	
Top & Bottom	
Total	

8)



Front & back (LxWx2)	
Side & side	
Top & Bottom	
Total	

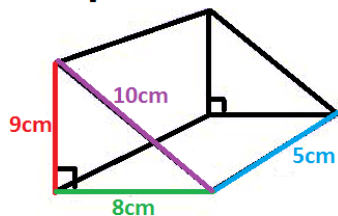
9)



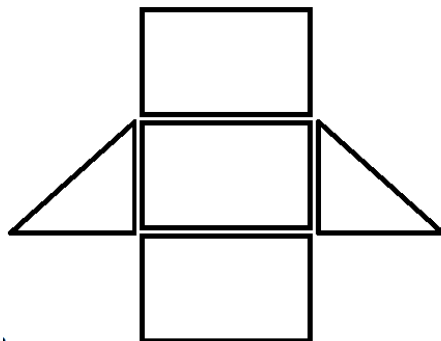
Front & back (LxWx2)	
Side & side	
Top & Bottom	
Total	

Expectation 3 - Calculating the Area of a Triangular Prism

Shape:

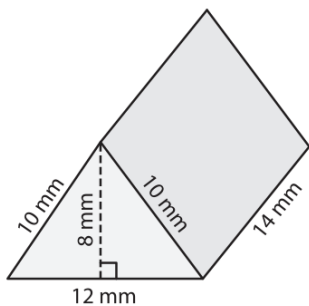


Net:



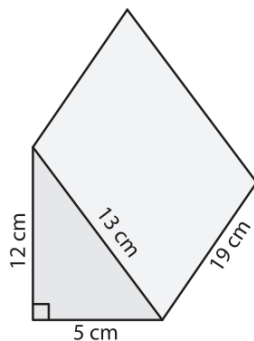
Triangle base x height ÷ 2	
Triangle	
Rectangle length x width	
Rectangle	
Rectangle	
Total	

1)



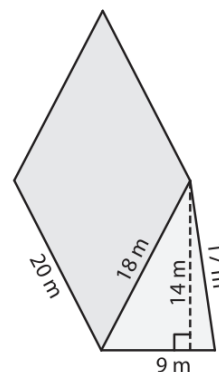
Triangle base x height ÷ 2	
Triangle	
Rectangle length x width	
Rectangle	
Rectangle	
Total	

2)



Triangle base x height ÷ 2	
Triangle	
Rectangle length x width	
Rectangle	
Rectangle	
Total	

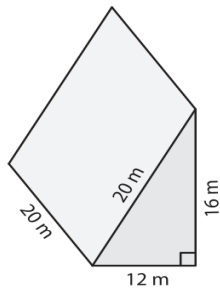
3)



Triangle base x height ÷ 2	
Triangle	
Rectangle length x width	
Rectangle	
Rectangle	
Total	

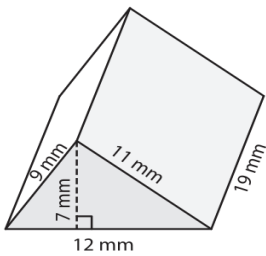
Math 9 Adapted: LG 5 – Nets & Area

4)



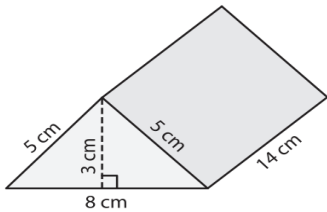
<b>Triangle</b> base x height ÷ 2	
<b>Triangle</b>	
<b>Rectangle</b> length x width	
<b>Rectangle</b>	
<b>Rectangle</b>	
<b>Total</b>	

5)



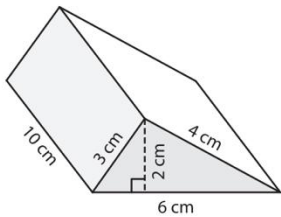
<b>Triangle</b> base x height ÷ 2	
<b>Triangle</b>	
<b>Rectangle</b> length x width	
<b>Rectangle</b>	
<b>Rectangle</b>	
<b>Total</b>	

6)



<b>Triangle</b> base x height ÷ 2	
<b>Triangle</b>	
<b>Rectangle</b> length x width	
<b>Rectangle</b>	
<b>Rectangle</b>	
<b>Total</b>	

7)

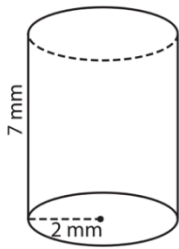


<b>Triangle</b> base x height ÷ 2	
<b>Triangle</b>	
<b>Rectangle</b> length x width	
<b>Rectangle</b>	
<b>Rectangle</b>	
<b>Total</b>	



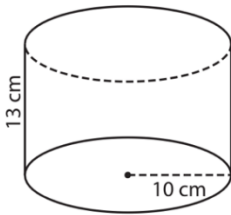
Expectation 4 - Calculating the Area of a Cylinder

1)



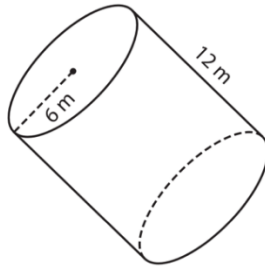
r = d = circumference $2\pi r =$	
Circle $\pi \times r \times r$	
Circle	
Sleeve $\pi \times d \times h$	
Total	

2)



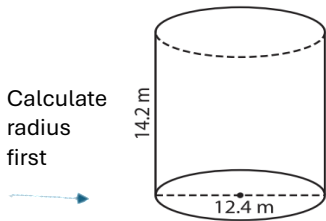
r = d = circumference $2\pi r =$	
Circle $\pi \times r \times r$	
Circle	
Sleeve $\pi \times d \times h$	
Total	

3)



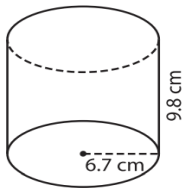
r = d = circumference $2\pi r =$	
Circle $\pi \times r \times r$	
Circle	
Sleeve $\pi \times d \times h$	
Total	

4)



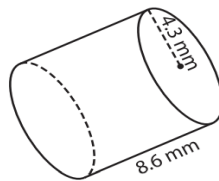
r = d = circumference $2\pi r =$	
Circle $\pi \times r \times r$	
Circle	
Sleeve $\pi \times d \times h$	
Total	

5)



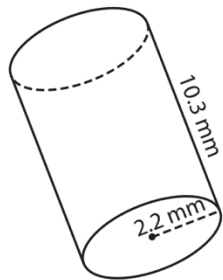
r = d = circumference $2\pi r =$	
Circle $\pi \times r \times r$	
Circle	
Sleeve $\pi \times d \times h$	
Total	

6)

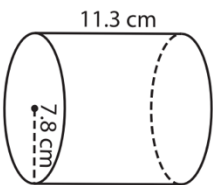


r = d = circumference $2\pi r =$	
Circle $\pi \times r \times r$	
Circle	
Sleeve $\pi \times d \times h$	
Total	

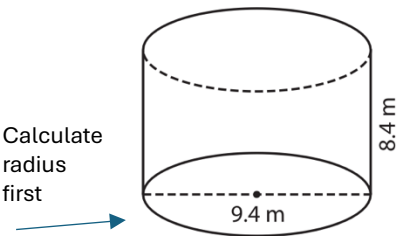
7)



8)



9)

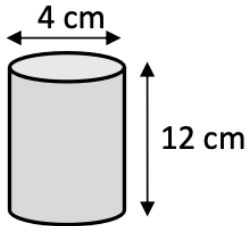
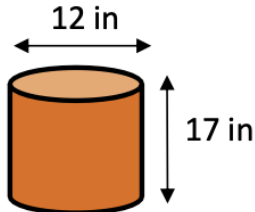
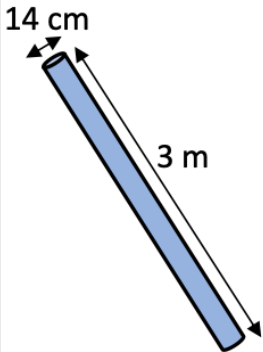



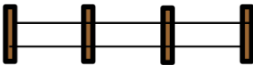
r =                      d =	
circumference $2\pi r =$	
Circle $\pi \times r \times r$	
Circle	
Sleeve $\pi \times d \times h$	
Total	

r =                      d =	
circumference $2\pi r =$	
Circle $\pi \times r \times r$	
Circle	
Sleeve $\pi \times d \times h$	
Total	

r =                      d =	
circumference $2\pi r =$	
Circle $\pi \times r \times r$	
Circle	
Sleeve $\pi \times d \times h$	
Total	

PROBLEM	CYLINDER	WORKING OUT
1) A hockey puck is a disc which is 1 inch thick and has a diameter of 3 inches. What is the surface area? _____ in <sup>2</sup>	A 3D diagram of a cylinder representing a hockey puck. The diameter of the top circular face is labeled as 3 in. The height (thickness) of the cylinder is labeled as 1 in.	

2) A cardboard tube has a height of 11 cm and a diameter of 4 cm. What is the surface area? _____ cm <sup>2</sup>		
3) A cylinder-shaped plant pot (with no lid) has a diameter of 12 inches and a height of 17 inches. What is the surface area? _____ in <sup>2</sup>		
4) A plastic pipe has a diameter of 14 cm and a length of 3 m. What is the surface area? _____ cm <sup>2</sup>		

1) Captain is building a rectangular rabbit enclosure for his pet rabbit. The enclosure measures 8m by 6m. How much fence does he need for the enclosure? <i>Area    Perimeter</i>	2) Captain now build the enclosure for his pet rabbit. How much space will the rabbit have to run around in? <i>Area    Perimeter</i>
	

**Expectation 5 – Real-life Problems**

1. Your parents are away so you decide that now is the time to paint your walls electric blue. To make it more fun, you use spray paint (note – this is a terrible idea). You need to know how much to buy. The length of one wall is 4 meters, the other is 5 meters and the walls are 3 meters tall. Oh ya, and because you are wild, you paint the ceiling as well. Each spray can paint  $10 \text{ m}^2$  of wall. How many do you need?

2. You decide to make a bike ramp so that you can try to jump a sibling (Johny Knox style). You need to figure out how many square feet of plywood you'll need for your project. You want these dimensions:  
base - 4 ft, ramp 5 ft and height – 3 ft  
Width is 2 ft.

Draw the ramp based on the dimensions above (it's a triangular prism)

Find the total surface area.